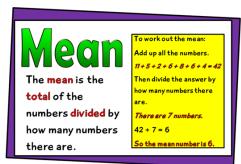


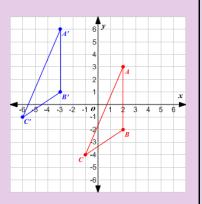
Tell the time







Draws and translates simple shapes (including reflection).



Uses, reads, writes and

converts between

standard units (e.g.

lengths, mass and

places.

Fractions, Ratio and Proportion

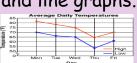
Solves problems involving the calculation of percentages e.g. 15% of 360.

Percent	Decimal	Fraction
1%	0.01	¹ /100
5%	0.05	¹ /20
10%	0.1	¹ /10
121/2%	0.125	1/8
20%	0.2	¹ / ₅
25%	0.25	1/4
33 ¹ /3 %	0.333	1/3
50%	0.5	1/2

Uses written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places.

Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages.

Interprets pie charts and line graphs.





Uses simple algebraic formulae:

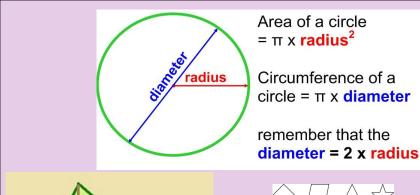
$$2b + 4y = 18$$

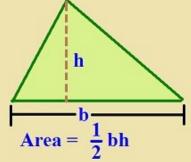


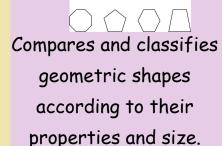
Maths!

Marvellous =+

Why not use some of these activities as a starting point for Marvellous Maths Home Learning?









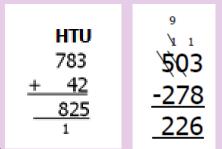
Maths in Year 6!

Counting and Times Tables

Your child should be able to count in decimals and should already be able to recall times tables up to 12×12 .

Addition and Subtraction

In year 6 your child should be able to solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in context, choosing which operations to use.



There are 1,402 children at a high school. 562 are in Key Stage 3 and 152 are in Key Stage 4. How many Key Stage 5 pupils are there?

Year 6 children should use estimation to check their answer to questions.

Multiplication and Division

Children in year 6 should be able to multiply 4 digit numbers by a two-digit whole number and divide 4 digit numbers by two-digit numbers using formal written methods.

38 <u>x 7</u> <u>266</u> 5 286 $\times 29$ 2574 (9 x 286 = 2574) $\frac{5720}{11}$ (20 x 286 = 5720) $\frac{8294}{1}$

 $560 \div 24 = \begin{array}{r} 0 \ 2 \ 3 \ r \ 8 \\ 24 \ 5^{5} 6^{8} 0 \end{array}$

Rounds any whole number.

Use negative numbers and calculating intervals across zero.